

# **LCDWIKI GUI lib Manual**

## 1.Introduction

The LCDWIKI GUI lib is the core graphics library for all our displays, providing a common set of graphics primitives (points, lines, circles, etc.). It needs to be paired with a hardware-specific library for each display device we carry (to handle the lower-level functions).

The LCDWIKI GUI lib have the base class.so all functions in this lib should be called by the subclass.

## 2.FUNCTIONS DECLARATION

<b>definiens</b>	LCDWIKI_GUI(void)
<b>function</b>	The main class constructor when using 8bit or 16bit or spi display modules.
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	virtual uint16_t Color_To_565(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)
<b>function</b>	Pass three 8bits colour value and get the 16bits colour value
<b>parameters</b>	r : the 8bits red value g : the 8bits green value b : the 8bits blue value
<b>returned value</b>	The 16bits colour value(rrrrrggggggbbbb)
<b>notes</b>	This is virtual function and it is defined by the subclass

<b>definiens</b>	virtual void Draw_Pixe(int16_t x, int16_t y, uint16_t color)
<b>function</b>	Using color value to draw a single point
<b>parameters</b>	x : the x coordinate of the pixl y : the y coordinate of the pixl color : the color value of the pixl
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	This is virtual function and it is defined by the subclass

<b>definiens</b>	virtual void Fill_Rect(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w, int16_t h, uint16_t color)
<b>function</b>	Using color value to draw a filled rectangle with w width and h height in x and y coordinate
<b>parameters</b>	x : the x coordinate of the start-corner y : the y coordinate of the start-corner w : the width of the rectangle h : the height of the rectangle color : the color value of the filled rectangle
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	This is virtual function and it is defined by the subclass

<b>definiens</b>	virtual void Set_Addr_Window(int16_t x1, int16_t y1, int16_t x2, int16_t y2)
<b>function</b>	Set display area bewteen two point
<b>parameters</b>	x1 : the x coordinate of the start-corner y1 : the y coordinate of the start-corner x2 : the x coordinate of the end-corner y2 : the y coordinate of the end-corner
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	This is virtual function and it is defined by the subclass

<b>definiens</b>	virtual void Push_Any_Color(uint16_t * block, int16_t n, bool first, uint8_t flags)
<b>function</b>	Set a large number of color values at a time
<b>parameters</b>	<p>block : the array of colour values</p> <p>n : the number of colour values</p> <p>first : 1- First set the command of write color value 0-have set the command of write color value</p> <p>flags : 0-read color value from RAM 1-read color value from flash</p>
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	This is virtual function and it is defined by the subclass

<b>definiens</b>	virtual int16_t Read_GRAM(int16_t x, int16_t y, uint16_t *block, int16_t w, int16_t h)
<b>function</b>	Read colour value from GRAM
<b>parameters</b>	<p>x : the x coordinate of the start-corner</p> <p>y : the y coordinate of the start-corner</p> <p>block : the array of saving colour value</p> <p>w : the width of the Read area</p> <p>h : the heigth of the Read area</p>
<b>returned value</b>	0-successful
<b>notes</b>	This is virtual function and it is defined by the subclass

<b>definiens</b>	virtual int16_t Get_Height(void) const
<b>function</b>	Get the display height
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	The display height
<b>notes</b>	This is virtual function and it is defined by the subclass

<b>definiens</b>	virtual int16_t Get_Width(void) const
<b>function</b>	Get the display width
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	The display width
<b>notes</b>	This is virtual function and it is defined by the subclass

<b>definiens</b>	void Set_Draw_color(uint16_t color)
<b>function</b>	Set the drawing color
<b>parameters</b>	color : the 16bits Drawing color value
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	void Set_Draw_color(uint16_t color)
<b>function</b>	Set the drawing color
<b>parameters</b>	color : the 16bits Drawing color value
<b>returned value</b>	None

<b>notes</b>	None
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<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Set_Draw_color(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)</code>
<b>function</b>	Set the drawing color
<b>parameters</b>	r : the 8bits red value g : the 8bits green value b : the 8bits blue value
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>uint16_t Get_Draw_color(void) const</code>
<b>function</b>	get the drawing color
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	The 16bits drawing color value(rrrrrggggggbbbb)
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Draw_Pixel(int16_t x, int16_t y)</code>
<b>function</b>	Draw a single point
<b>parameters</b>	x : the x coordinate of the pixel y : the y coordinate of the pixel
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>uint16_t Read_Pixel(int16_t x, int16_t y)</code>
<b>function</b>	Get the color value of a single point
<b>parameters</b>	x : the x coordinate of the pixel y : the y coordinate of the pixel
<b>returned value</b>	16bits color value of a single point
<b>notes</b>	The mould must be readable, this function can be used normally.

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Draw_Fast_VLine(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t h)</code>
<b>function</b>	Quickly draw out a vertical line
<b>parameters</b>	x : the x coordinate of the start point y : the y coordinate of the start point h : the height of the line
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Draw_Fast_HLine(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w)</code>
<b>function</b>	Quickly draw out a horizontal line
<b>parameters</b>	x : the x coordinate of the start point y : the y coordinate of the start point h : the width of the line
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	void Fill_Screen(uint16_t color)
<b>function</b>	Fill whole screen area
<b>parameters</b>	color : 16bits color value
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	void Fill_Screen(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)
<b>function</b>	Fill whole screen area
<b>parameters</b>	r : the 8bits red value g : the 8bits green value b : the 8bits blue value
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	The r,g,b is converted to 16bits value(rrrrrggggggbbbb)

<b>definiens</b>	void Draw_Line(int16_t x1, int16_t y1, int16_t x2, int16_t y2)
<b>function</b>	Draw a line be
<b>parameters</b>	r : the 8bits red value g : the 8bits green value b : the 8bits blue value
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	The r,g,b is converted to 16bits value(rrrrrggggggbbbb)

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Draw_Rectangle(int16_t x1, int16_t y1, int16_t x2, int16_t y2)</code>
<b>function</b>	Draw a rectangle between two points
<b>parameters</b>	x1 : the x coordinate of the start point y1 : the y coordinate of the start point x2 : the x coordinate of the end point y2 : the y coordinate of the end point
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Fill_Rectangle(int16_t x1, int16_t y1, int16_t x2, int16_t y2)</code>
<b>function</b>	Draw a filled rectangle between two points
<b>parameters</b>	x1 : the x coordinate of the start point y1 : the y coordinate of the start point x2 : the x coordinate of the end point y2 : the y coordinate of the end point
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Draw_Round_Rectangle(int16_t x1, int16_t y1, int16_t x2, int16_t y2, uint8_t radius)</code>
<b>function</b>	Draw a rectangle with slightly rounded corners between two points

<b>parameters</b>	x1 : the x coordinate of the start point y1 : the y coordinate of the start point x2 : the x coordinate of the end point y2 : the y coordinate of the end point radius : radius of the rounded corners, the minimum value is 5
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	If the radius is smaller than the minimum value ,the round rectangle will not be drawn

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Fill_Round_Rectangle(int16_t x1, int16_t y1, int16_t x2, int16_t y2, int16_t radius)</code>
<b>function</b>	Draw a filled rectangle with slightly rounded corners between two points
<b>parameters</b>	x1 : the x coordinate of the start point y1 : the y coordinate of the start point x2 : the x coordinate of the end point y2 : the y coordinate of the end point radius : radius of the rounded corners, the minimum value is 5
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	If the radius is smaller than the minimum value ,the round rectangle will not be drawn

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Draw_Circle(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t radius)</code>
<b>function</b>	Draw a circle with a specified radius
<b>parameters</b>	x : the x coordinate of the center of the circle y : the y coordinate of the center of the circle

	radius : radius of the circle
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	void Draw_Circle_Helper(int16_t x0, int16_t y0, int16_t radius, uint8_t corname)
<b>function</b>	Draw rounded corners with a specified radius
<b>parameters</b>	x0 : the x coordinate of the center of the rounded corner y0 : the y coordinate of the center of the rounded corner radius : radius of the rounded corners, the minimum value is 5 corname : the order number of the rounded corners, 1 : top left corner 2 : top right corner 4 : lower right corner 8 : lower left quarter
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	If the radius is smaller than the minimum value ,the round rectangle will not be drawn.you can draw several rounded corners at a time

<b>definiens</b>	void Fill_Circle(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t radius)
<b>function</b>	Draw a filled circle with a specified radius
<b>parameters</b>	x : the x coordinate of the center of the circle y : the y coordinate of the center of the circle radius : radius of the circle

<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	void Fill_Circle_Helper(int16_t x0, int16_t y0, int16_t r, uint8_t cornername, int16_t delta)
<b>function</b>	Draw filled rounded corners with a specified radius
<b>parameters</b>	x0 : the x coordinate of the center of the rounded corner y0 : the y coordinate of the center of the rounded corner r : radius of the rounded corner cornername : the order number of the rounded corners 1 : right rounded corner 2 : left rounded corner delta : Non - circular area height
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	you can draw filled several rounded corners at a time

<b>definiens</b>	void Draw_Triangle(int16_t x0, int16_t y0, int16_t x1, int16_t y1, int16_t x2, int16_t y2)
<b>function</b>	Draw a triangle between three points
<b>parameters</b>	x0 : the x coordinate of the start point of the triangle bottom y0 : the y coordinate of the start point of the triangle bottom x1 : the x coordinate of the triangular vertex y1 : the x coordinate of the triangular vertex x2 : the x coordinate of the end point of the triangle bottom y2 : the y coordinate of the end point of the triangle bottom

<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	void Fill_Triangle(int16_t x0, int16_t y0, int16_t x1, int16_t y1, int16_t x2, int16_t y2)
<b>function</b>	Draw a filled triangle between three points
<b>parameters</b>	x0 : the x coordinate of the start point of the triangle bottom y0 : the y coordinate of the start point of the triangle bottom x1 : the x coordinate of the triangular vertex y1 : the y coordinate of the triangular vertex x2 : the x coordinate of the end point of the triangle bottom y2 : the y coordinate of the end point of the triangle bottom
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	void Draw_Bit_Map(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t sx, int16_t sy, const uint16_t *data, int16_t scale)
<b>function</b>	Draw a bitmap on the screen
<b>parameters</b>	x : the x coordinate of the top left corner of bitmap y : the y coordinate of the top left corner of bitmap sx : width of the bitmap sy : height of the bitmap data : array containing the bitmap-data scale : scaling factor. Each pixel in the bitmap will be drawn as <scale>x<scale> pixels on screen

<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Set_Text_Cousur(int16_t x, int16_t y)</code>
<b>function</b>	Set text position in screen
<b>parameters</b>	x : the x coordinate of the text y : the y coordinate of the text
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>int16_t Get_Text_X_Cousur(void) const</code>
<b>function</b>	get the x coordinate of the text
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	the x coordinate of the text
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>int16_t Get_Text_Y_Cousur(void) const</code>
<b>function</b>	get the y coordinate of the text
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	the y coordinate of the text
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	void Set_Text_colour(uint16_t color)
<b>function</b>	Set the text color value
<b>parameters</b>	Color : the 16bits color value of the text
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	void Set_Text_colour(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)
<b>function</b>	Set the text color value
<b>parameters</b>	r : the 8bits red value of the text g : the 8bits green value of the text b : the 8bits blue value of the text
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	uint16_t Get_Text_colour(void) const
<b>function</b>	get the text color value
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	the 16bits color value of the text
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	void Set_Text_Back_colour(uint16_t color)
<b>function</b>	set the background color value of the text

<b>parameters</b>	Color : the 16bits background color value of the text
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Set_Text_Back_colour(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)</code>
<b>function</b>	set the background color value of the text
<b>parameters</b>	r : the 8bits red value of the text g : the 8bits green value of the text b : the 8bits blue value of the text
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Set_Text_Back_colour(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)</code>
<b>function</b>	set the background color value of the text
<b>parameters</b>	r : the 8bits red value of the text g : the 8bits green value of the text b : the 8bits blue value of the text
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>uint16_t Get_Text_Back_colour(void) const</code>
<b>function</b>	get the background color value of the text
<b>parameters</b>	None

<b>returned value</b>	the 16bits background color value of the text
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Set_Text_Size(uint8_t s)</code>
<b>function</b>	set the size of the text
<b>parameters</b>	s : the size of the text
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>uint8_t Get_Text_Size(void) const</code>
<b>function</b>	Get the size of the text
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	The size value of the text
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Set_Text_Mode(boolean mode)</code>
<b>function</b>	Set overlap mode of the text
<b>parameters</b>	mode : 0-no overlap 1-overlap
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	If the mode is overlap,the background color setting of the text is invalid.

<b>definiens</b>	boolean Get_Text_Mode(void) const
<b>function</b>	get the overlap mode value of the text
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	0-no overlap 1-overlap
<b>notes</b>	If the mode is overlap,the background color setting of the text is invalid.

<b>definiens</b>	size_t Print(uint8_t *st, int16_t x, int16_t y)
<b>function</b>	Print a string at the specified coordinates
<b>parameters</b>	st : the string to print x : the x coordinate of the top left corner of the first character y : the y coordinate of the top left corner of the first character
<b>returned value</b>	The Number of characters
<b>notes</b>	You can use the literals LEFT, CENTER and RIGHT as the x-coordinate to align the string on the screen

<b>definiens</b>	void Print_String(const uint8_t *st, int16_t x, int16_t y)
<b>function</b>	Print a constant string at the specified coordinates
<b>parameters</b>	st : the constant string to print x : the x coordinate of the top left corner of the first character y : the y coordinate of the top left corner of the first character
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	You can use the literals LEFT, CENTER and RIGHT as the x-coordinate to align the string on the screen

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Print_String(uint8_t *st, int16_t x, int16_t y)</code>
<b>function</b>	Print a string at the specified coordinates
<b>parameters</b>	st : the string to print x : the x coordinate of the top left corner of the first character y : the y coordinate of the top left corner of the first character
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	You can use the literals LEFT, CENTER and RIGHT as the x-coordinate to align the string on the screen

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Print_String(String st, int16_t x, int16_t y)</code>
<b>function</b>	Using string class to print a string at the specified coordinates
<b>parameters</b>	st : the string object x : the x coordinate of the top left corner of the first character y : the y coordinate of the top left corner of the first character
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	You can use the literals LEFT, CENTER and RIGHT as the x-coordinate to align the string on the screen

<b>definiens</b>	<code>void Print_Number_Int(long num, int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t length, uint8_t filler, int16_t system)</code>
<b>function</b>	Print a specified length Integral number at the specified coordinates
<b>parameters</b>	num : the value to print (-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647) INTEGERS ONLY

	<p>x : the x coordinate of the top left corner of the first number/sign</p> <p>y : the y coordinate of the top left corner of the first number/sign</p> <p>length : minimum number of digits/characters (including sign) to display</p> <p>filler : filler character to use to get the minimum length. The character will be inserted in front of the number, but after the sign. Default is ' ' (space).</p> <p>system : 8-octal  10- decimal  16- hexadecimal</p>
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	You can use the literals LEFT, CENTER and RIGHT as the x-coordinate to align the string on the screen

<b>definiens</b>	<pre>void Print_Number_Float(double num, uint8_t dec, int16_t x, int16_t y, uint8_t divider, int16_t length, uint8_t filler)</pre>
<b>function</b>	Print a specified length floating-point number at the specified coordinates.
<b>parameters</b>	<p>num : the value to print(Supported range depends on the number of fractional digits used.Approx range is <math>\pm 2 \cdot (10^{(9-\text{dec})})</math>)</p> <p>dec : digits in the fractional part (1-5) 0 is not supported</p> <p>x : the x coordinate of the top left corner of the first number/sign</p> <p>y : the y coordinate of the top left corner of the first number/sign</p>

	<p>divider : Single character to use as decimal point. Default is '.'</p> <p>length : minimum number of digits/characters (including sign) to display</p> <p>filler : filler character to use to get the minimum length. The character will be inserted in front of the number, but after the sign. Default is ' ' (space).</p>
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	You can use the literals LEFT, CENTER and RIGHT as the x-coordinate to align the string on the screen

<b>definiens</b>	<pre>void Draw_Char(int16_t x, int16_t y, uint8_t c, uint16_t color,uint16_t bg, uint8_t size, boolean mode)</pre>
<b>function</b>	Draw a character at the specified coordinates.
<b>parameters</b>	<p>x : the x coordinate of the top left corner of the character</p> <p>y : the y coordinate of the top left corner of the character</p> <p>c : the character to print</p> <p>color : the color value of the character to print</p> <p>bg : the background color value of the character to print</p> <p>size : the size of the character to print</p> <p>mode : 0-no overlap 1-overlap</p>
<b>returned value</b>	None
<b>notes</b>	If the mode is overlap,the background color setting of the text is invalid.

<b>definiens</b>	size_t write(uint8_t c)
<b>function</b>	Write a character to print
<b>parameters</b>	c : the character to print
<b>returned value</b>	The statue of writing. 1-successful
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	int16_t Get_Display_Width(void) const
<b>function</b>	Get the width of the screen
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	the width of the screen
<b>notes</b>	None

<b>definiens</b>	int16_t Get_Display_Height(void) const
<b>function</b>	Get the height of the screen
<b>parameters</b>	None
<b>returned value</b>	the height of the screen
<b>notes</b>	None